➢RNAO

Fact Sheet

Vision for Tomorrow Nurse Practitioner Task Force Report



What is a nurse practitioner (NP)?



Nurse practitioners (NP), also known as registered nurses (RN) in the extended class, are RNs who have met additional education, experience and exam requirements set by the College of Nurses of Ontario. They are authorized to diagnose, order and interpret diagnostic tests, and prescribe medication and other treatment.

How is the scope of practice broader for NPs and RNs?

NPs can, for example:

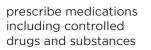


independently diagnose and treat illnesses



order and interpret diagnostic tests, including X-rays, ultrasounds and blood tests

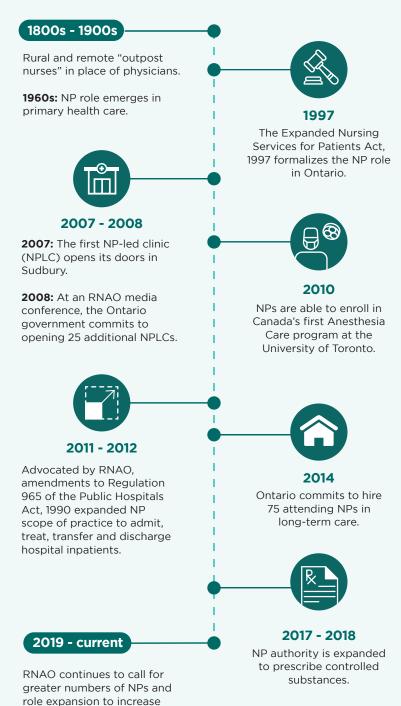






set and cast fractures and dislocated joints

A select history of the NP role and RNAO's leading advocacy:



access to health care for all.

What is the status of NPs in Ontario today?

NPs provide primary care as NPs add value to the health system and safely and effectively as advance the goals of the Quadruple Aim physicians. NPs improve timely access to care and patient outcomes across all settings. Patients report high NPs are leaders in advancing satisfaction with NP care. the United Nations' sustainable development goals. Improved Improved patient patient NPs report higher levels of experience outcomes satisfaction when they can QUADRUPLE NPs earn significantly less work to their full scope and AIM than family physicians practice. while delivering similar Improved provider quality outcomes. experience NP % share of Ontario nursing Per capita 61.1 comparison of NPs employment, 1998 - 2019 in Ontario, Canada and the U.S. 2.5 NPs per 100,000 2.0 NP % Share people 22.5 1.5 15.3 1.0 0.5 200, 2006 2005 2010 2009 2008 2007 2011 2019 2018 2017 2016 2016 2015 2014 2002 2003 2012 Ontario Canada U.S. (2019) (2018-2019) (2019)Year

Optimizing NP utilization

The number of NPs in Ontario must increase in order to meet the demand for their competencies, knowledge and skills, especially as our health system is transformed and becomes more integrated.



There is a need for more placement opportunities for NP students in remote, rural or under-served communities.

A number of legislative and practice changes are needed to remove barriers that currently impede NPs' ability to work at full scope and capacity.



Members of the public are very satisfied with their NP, however, the public could benefit from further education on the extent of the NP scope and role.



NP remuneration and benefits packages vary between and within sectors and this is demoralizing NPs.